## FAQ

1. Why does it sometimes show negative values when connected?

Reversed, you can use bidirectional measure.

2. What should I do if there doesn't have such a suitable straight pipe section before and after?

Make a bypass, which not only ensures a straight pipe section, but also facilitates later maintenance.

3. Is the accuracy over the entire flow range?

This accuracy refers to the relatively suitable range in the middle. The accuracy will be slightly worse at the upper and lower limits of the range.

4. Why does the value jump after being connected to the scene?

The nearby electromagnetic interference is too strong, and there is no grounding treatment.

5. What is the difference between integrated type and split type?

It is judged by the installation conditions on site.

6. Why does the flow meter measuring sewage take a long time without data or measurement accuracy?

The electrode may be covered with sludge or damaged, and regular maintenance is recommended.

7. Why is there no reading on the on-site flow meter?

The reason for the medium: insufficient water content, insufficient conductivity, too small flow rate, or not full tube.

8. What is the difference between the measured value and the output value?

Dissatisfied tube, flow rate is too low, the converter is damaged, and the range is exceeded.

9. Why is there a flow display after the connection?

The pipeline is not full of liquid or contains bubbles in the liquid. Subjectively, the tube pump liquid is not flowing but there is actually a small flow. There are reasons for the liquid (such as poor liquid conductivity uniformity, electrode pollution, etc.)